IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

Case No. 4:22-cv-3538

PREPARED FOOD PHOTOS, INC. f/k/a ADLIFE MARKETING & COMMUNICATIONS CO., INC.,

Plaintiff,

v.

BULL CREEK, INC. d/b/a BULL CREEK CAFÉ & GRILL,

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Prepared Food Photos, Inc. f/k/a Adlife Marketing & Communications Co., Inc. ("<u>Plaintiff</u>") sues Bull Creek, Inc. d/b/a Bull Creek Café & Grill ("<u>Defendant</u>") and alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Florida with its principal place of business located in Broward County, Florida.
- 2. Defendant is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas with its principal place of business located at 918 San Jacinto Street, Rosenberg, TX 77471. Defendant's agent for service of process is Melquiades Negrete, 918 San Jacinto Street, Rosenberg, TX 77471.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
 - 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because it maintained

sufficient minimum contacts with Texas such that the exercise of personal jurisdiction over it

would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

5. Venue properly lies in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) because

Defendant or its agents reside or may be found in this district. "It is well established that, for

purposes of Section 1400(a), a defendant 'may be found' in any district in which it is subject to

personal jurisdiction." <u>Isbell v. DM Records, Inc.</u>, No. 3:02-CV-1408-G, 2004 U.S. Dist. LEXIS

10394, at *41 (N.D. Tex. June 4, 2004) ("Because the court has determined that it has

personal jurisdiction over DM, DM 'may be found' in this district and venue is therefore proper.").

FACTS

I. Plaintiff's Business

6. Plaintiff is in the business of licensing high-end, professional photographs for the

food industry.

7. Through its commercial website (<u>www.preparedfoodphotos.com</u>), Plaintiff offers

a monthly subscription service which provides access to/license of tens of thousands of

professional images.

8. As of the date of this pleading, Plaintiff charges its clients (generally, grocery

stores, restaurant chains, food service companies, etc.) a minimum monthly fee of \$999.00 for

access to its library of professional photographs.

9. Plaintiff does not license individual photographs or otherwise make individual

photographs available for purchase. Plaintiff's business model relies on its recurring monthly

subscription service such that Plaintiff can continue to maintain its impressive portfolio.

10. Plaintiff owns each of the photographs available for license on its website and

serves as the licensing agent with respect to licensing such photographs for limited use by

Plaintiff's customers. To that end, Plaintiff's standard terms include a limited, non-transferable

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license for use of any photograph by the customer only. Plaintiff's license terms make clear that all copyright ownership remains with Plaintiff and that its customers are not permitted to transfer, assign, or sub-license any of Plaintiff's photographs to another person/entity.

II. The Work at Issue in this Lawsuit

11. In 1999, our client created a professional photograph titled "OnionRing001.jpg." A copy of the Work is exhibited below:



12. The Work was registered by Plaintiff (pursuant to a work-for-hire agreement with the author that transferred all rights and title in the photograph to Plaintiff) with the Register of Copyrights on August 05, 2016, and was assigned Registration No. VA 2-012-581. A true and correct copy of the Certification of Registration pertaining to the Work is attached hereto as

13. Plaintiff is the owner of the Work and has remained the owner at all times material hereto.

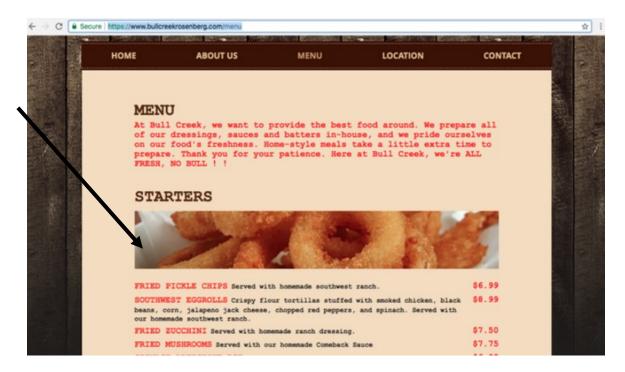
III. Defendant's Unlawful Activities

Exhibit "A."

14. Defendant is a café, grill and restaurant that specializes in steaks, barbeque, and

chicken-fried classics. Defendant prides itself in offering "home style meals to the city" that "also offers a full bar."

- 15. Defendant advertises/markets its travel business primarily through its commercial website (https://www.bullcreekrosenberg.com/), social media website (e.g., https://www.facebook.com/bullcreek), and other forms of advertising.
- 16. On a date after Plaintiff's above-referenced copyright registration of the Work, Defendant published the Work on its webpage (at https://www.bullcreekrosenberg.com/menu):



- 17. A true and correct copy of the screenshot of Defendant's webpage, displaying the copyrighted Work, is attached hereto as **Exhibit "B."**
- 18. Defendant is not and has never been licensed to use or display the Work. Defendant never contacted Plaintiff to seek permission to use the Work in connection with its advertising or for any other purpose even though the Work that was copied is clearly professional stock photography that would put Defendant on notice that the Work was not intended for public use.
 - 19. Defendant utilized the Work for commercial use namely, in connection with the

marketing of its business.

20. Upon information and belief, Defendant located a copy of the Work on the internet

and, rather than contact Plaintiff to secure a license, simply copied the Work for its own

commercial use.

21. Through its ongoing diligent efforts to identify unauthorized use of its photographs,

Plaintiff first discovered Defendant's unauthorized use/display of the Work on October 25, 2019.

Following Plaintiff's discovery, Plaintiff notified Defendant in writing of such unauthorized use.

To date, Plaintiff has been unable to negotiate a reasonable license for the past/existing

infringement of its Work.

22. All conditions precedent to this action have been performed or have been waived.

<u>COUNT I – COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT</u>

23. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 22 as set forth above.

24. The Work is an original work of authorship, embodying copyrightable subject

matter, that is subject to the full protection of the United States copyright laws (17 U.S.C. § 101

et seq.).

25. Plaintiff owns a valid copyright in the Work, having registered the Work with the

Register of Copyrights and owning sufficient rights, title, and interest to such copyright to afford

Plaintiff standing to bring this lawsuit and assert the claim(s) herein.

26. As a result of Plaintiff's reproduction, distribution, and public display of the Work,

Defendant had access to the Work prior to its own reproduction, distribution, and public display

of the Work on Defendant's webpage.

27. Defendant reproduced, distributed, and publicly displayed the Work without

authorization from Plaintiff.

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28. By its actions, Defendant infringed and violated Plaintiff's exclusive rights in

violation of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 501, by reproducing, distributing, and publicly

displaying the Work for its own commercial purposes.

29. Defendant's infringement was willful as it acted with actual knowledge or reckless

disregard for whether its conduct infringed upon Plaintiff's copyright. Notably, Defendant itself

utilizes a. Notably, Defendant itself utilizes a copyright disclaimer on its website ("© 2022 by

Bull Creek Cafe & Grill.") indicating that Defendant understands the importance of copyright

protection and intellectual property rights. Defendant clearly understands that professional

photography such as the Work is generally paid for and cannot simply be copied from the internet.

30. Plaintiff has been damaged as a direct and proximate result of Defendant's

infringement.

31. Plaintiff is entitled to recover its actual damages resulting from Defendant's

unauthorized use of the Work and, at Plaintiff's election (pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b)),

Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages based on a disgorgement of Defendant's profits from

infringement of the Work, which amounts shall be proven at trial.

32. Alternatively, and at Plaintiff's election, Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages

pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), in such amount as deemed proper by the Court.

33. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Plaintiff is further entitled to recover its costs and

attorneys' fees as a result of Defendant's conduct.

34. Defendant's conduct has caused, and any continued infringing conduct will

continue to cause, irreparable injury to Plaintiff unless enjoined by the Court. Plaintiff has no

adequate remedy at law. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Plaintiff is entitled to a permanent

injunction prohibiting infringement of Plaintiff's exclusive rights under copyright law.

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant as follows:

A declaration that Defendant has infringed Plaintiff's copyrights in the Work;

b. A declaration that such infringement is willful;

c. An award of actual damages and disgorgement of profits as the Court deems proper or, at

Plaintiff's election, an award of statutory damages for willful infringement up to

\$150,000.00 for each infringement of the Work;

d. Awarding Plaintiff its costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505;

e. Awarding Plaintiff interest, including prejudgment interest, on the foregoing amounts;

f. Permanently enjoining Defendant, its employees, agents, officers, directors, attorneys,

successors, affiliates, subsidiaries and assigns, and all those in active concert and

participation with Defendant, from directly or indirectly infringing Plaintiff's copyrights

or continuing to display, transfer, advertise, reproduce, or otherwise market any works

derived or copied from the Work or to participate or assist in any such activity; and

g. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Demand For Jury Trial

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issued so triable.

Dated: October 13, 2022

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By: /s/ Daniel DeSouza

Daniel DeSouza, Esq.